## South Dakota's Long-Term Care Partnership Program

Knowing your options today
Planning for tomorrow
Looking ahead for the future



#### Our objective:

### Address key **questions** and empower **you** to **make** informed **decisions**.

Isn't Long-Term Care just for older folks?
Isn't Long-Term Care the same as a nursing home?
Does the government pay for LTC in my home?
Doesn't health insurance pay for Long-Term Care costs?
Doesn't disability insurance pay for Long-Term Care costs?
Can't I just save some money and pay for my Long-Term Care costs?
How does a Long-Term Care Partnership insurance policy work?
How do I know I am getting a good policy?



# Planning ahead can make a big difference for you and your family!



#### **Long Term Care Settings**

- Own Home
- Community
- Assisted Living
- Nursing Home



#### Why is it such a hot topic?

Media Attention: Time, Newsweek, USA Today

2/3 will need supportive care after age 65

2 in 5 of us will need Long-Term Care Compare to odds of:

House burning down: 1 in 700

Wrecking your car: 1 in 50

Not just for elderly: 40% of people receiving

LTC are working age.



#### **Cost of Long Term Care:**

(Average cost of a nursing home in SD in 2008)

- \$143 a day
- nearly \$53,000 a year.
- average stay to over \$130,000 (2.5 years in SD)



#### When will I need Long Term Care?

#### When licensed health care provider says you:

 cannot perform at least 2 of 6 Activities of Daily Living (ADLs) for a period expected to last at least 90 days

#### OR

 have a severe cognitive impairment that makes you unable to meet your own needs and it is expected to last at least 90 days.



#### Who will pay?

- Health Insurance?
- Disability Insurance?
- Medicare?
- You?
- Long-Term Care Insurance?



Do you have to be in a hospital first? (NO)

Do you have to be out of work? (NO)





#### **Health Insurance**

- Group or Individual Plan
- Tries to cure or stabilize you
- Pays for skilled care from someone who typically has a license (MD, RN, Physical Therapist)
- May have short term aftercare benefit
- Co-pays and deductibles apply



## Does Health Insurance cover Long-Term Care?

Language from actual policies:

"Exclusions: Custodial care"

"Medical care not covered: Custodial Care or Rest Cures."

"Exclusions: Custodial care, except for covered hospice care."



## Does Short-Term or Long-Term Disability Insurance cover Long Term Care?

- "Paycheck insurance" if you can't work.
- Replaces <u>part</u> of your paycheck (50% to 66%)
- Disability Insurance typically does not pay to have someone take care of you
- May have exclusionary period



#### Does Medicare cover Long-Term Care?

- Health Insurance for individuals 65 and older or with disabilities
- Covers skilled care in a skilled nursing home and limited skilled services (nursing, therapies, etc.) at home
- Usually no benefits for personal or custodial care
- Provides limited assistance in a program of long-term care
- Co-payments and deductibles apply

Quote from NAIC LTC booklet: "Medicare does not cover long-term care."



#### Does Medicaid cover Long-Term Care?

- Covers 44% of LTC costs in USA --with strict financial and medical guidelines
- Federal & state program providing health care for low income individuals, families and children
- No routine coverage for custodial care in home (Medicaid can cover in-home health care for medical necessity with physician orders)
- Federal law requires recovery from the recipient's estate

#### **SD Medicaid Contact Information:**

Phone: 1-800-597-1603

Web: www.dss.sd.gov



#### **Long-Term Care Insurance**

- Doesn't try to cure you
- "Unskilled" care or "custodial care"
- Personal care
- Pays for supervision
- Deficits in 2 or more ADLs and/or cognitive losses as stated by licensed health care professional
- May have a deductible or exclusionary period before payment



#### Where do we get Long Term Care today?

#### At home or in the community:

80% receive LTC at home or at Adult Day Services Adult Day Services

Formal & Informal Home Care

#### **Assisted Living Facility ("ALF")**

2% receive LTC in Assisted Living Facilities

#### **Nursing Home (Skilled Nursing Facility)**

18% receive LTC in Nursing Homes



## Do all Long Term Care insurance policies cover in-home services?

Optional

Policies may be

- "facility only"
- "comprehensive"



#### Cure vs. Care

#### 1. Young man:

- Health insurance would cover
- Disability insurance would cover
- Long-Term Care Partnership Insurance policy would cover

#### 2. Grandma:

- Medicare would cover
- Medicaid would cover or
- Long-Term Care Partnership Insurance policy would cover



#### Who needs long-term care?

40% of people receiving LTC are between ages 40 and 64!

#### Who pays for long-term care costs in South Dakota?\*

•	Medicaid	59%
•	Private pay	34%
•	Medicare	6%
•	VA	1%



<sup>\*2005</sup> figures

#### **Review of Understanding**

Is long-term care just for older people?

Is long-term care always in a nursing home?

Does health insurance typically cover long-term care?

Should we depend on Medicare to pay for our long-term care costs?

Who pays for long-term care in my home?

Would I be able to save money and pay for my long-term care costs on my own?

South Dakota

#### Partnership Policies: Consumer Friendly

- Medicaid Asset Protection
- Rates do not go up just because we get older
- Inflation protection included in every policy issued at age 76 and younger
- Individuals choose where their care is received.
- Access to impartial assistance from care coordinators
- **Division of Insurance reviews** and approves policies of insurers
- Agents have 8 hours of extra training, plus 4 more hours bi-annually
- "Tax qualified"

What does this mean to me?



#### Partnership Policies: The Key Concept

When individuals buy a Partnership policy, they are buying a "pool of money" - the insurance company's money - to pay for their long-term care costs.

"Pool of Money" shifts financial risk to insurance company.

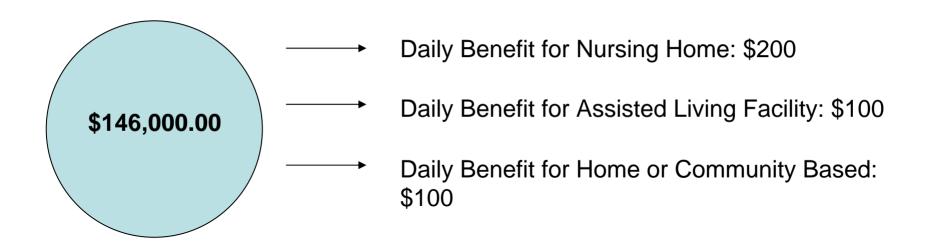
#### What is a "pool of money" or "lifetime maximum benefit"?

Examples of a "pool of money" you may currently have:

- auto/car insurance
- home owners' or renters' insurance
- life insurance



#### Partnership Policies: How do they work?





#### Partnership Policies: How long does it pay for care?



- May have no set time limits on how long your LTC Partnership plan will pay for care
- Pay for care until you use your pool of money.
- \$200 per day for care in Nursing Home, will pay for 730 days of care= two years
- •\$100 per day for Home Care or Assisted Living Facility how long will this "pool of money" pay for care?



#### Partnership Policies: Medicaid Asset Protection

- Difference between a Partnership policy and a non-Partnership policy is Medicaid asset protection
- When determining your eligibility for Medicaid, you keep assets up to the amount your Partnership policy has paid in benefits
- Protected assets retained will not be recovered from your estate
- All other Medicaid LTC assistance eligibility must be met



#### Partnership Policies: Medicaid Asset Protection

	Assets	Total <u>PAID OUT</u> by Partnership policy	Amount You May Keep
Person A	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000
Person B	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000
Person C	\$200, 000	\$100,000	\$100,000
Person D	\$1,000,000	\$300,000	\$300,000
Person F	\$175,000	\$0	\$0



#### **Partnership Policies: Inflation Protection**

#### When you buy:

- Under 61 years of age, compound annual inflation protection
- 61 to 76 years of age, simple inflation protection

(May not be less than 3% per year or = Consumer Price Index)



#### Is LTCi expensive?

#### Sample Rate for Partnership LTCI policy:

#### Age 50:

Lifetime maximum benefit / "pool of money": \$73,000 \$100 Daily Benefit Amount for Nursing Home and Assisted Living Center \$50 Daily Benefit Amount for Home Care 3% automatic inflation protection built in that increases benefit each year

Approximately \$60 monthly premium

#### Age 65:

Same benefits as above

**Approximately \$152 monthly premium** 



#### When should I buy a LTC Partnership Policy?

Should I wait until I am sick? You have to pass "underwriting" - be in reasonably good health.

Should I wait until I am 65 years of age or older to buy? Risk—need care sooner? Underwriting Cost

Adults are "never to young" to buy Long Term Care Insurance!!



#### **Choices to make:**

- Daily benefit amount
- Total "pool of money"
- Elimination period
- Maximum benefit period (2 yrs, 5 yrs, lifetime)
- Comprehensive or Facility only
- Unintentional lapse provision



#### **Review**

#### Once I purchase a Long-Term Care Partnership policy:

Does the rate go up each year as I get older?

Do I get to choose where I receive my long-term care?

Should I wait until I am sick to think about purchasing a Long-Term Care Partnership policy?



#### How do I choose an insurance company?

#### Questions to ask:

- 1. Has the company ever raised rates? If yes, how many times? (Look for never or few)
- 2. How old is the company? (Look for 40 years plus)
- 3. How many assets does the company have? (Look for \$1 billion plus)
- 4. What letter grade does the company get from A. M. Best (<u>www.ambest.com</u>)? (Look for rating in the A's)



#### For More Information

South Dakota's Long Term Care Partnership Program

#### www.ltcpartnership.sd.gov

South Dakota Department of Social Services

Phone: 1-800-597-1603

Email: DSSInfo@state.sd.us

**South Dakota Division of Insurance** 

Phone: 605-773-3563

Email: insurance@state.sd.us



#### Thank you!!!

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